

Citadel Europe LLP

Pillar 3 disclosures for the year ended 31 December 2014

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1. Introduction: Pillar 3

The following disclosures are provided in accordance with the Pillar 3 disclosure rules as set out by the Financial Conduct Authority (“FCA”) in section 11 of the Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (“BIPRU”).

Pillar 3 overview and description of business

Citadel Europe LLP (“CELP”) is a BIPRU €50,000 limited licence firm regulated by the FCA. CELP is retained as an independent sub-advisor to portfolio managers Citadel Advisors LLC (“CALC”) and Citadel Advisors II LLC (“CAL2”) pursuant to Sub-Advisory and Management Agreements. CALC and CAL2 are Delaware registered entities appointed to manage the assets of a number of investor-facing funds.

The managing member of CELP is Citadel Investment Group (Europe) Limited (“CIGE”), which provides services to CELP as corporate partner, notably the provision of staff, premises, and local infrastructure. For the purposes of these disclosures, CIGE and CELP shall hereafter be referred to as the UK group, and the data presented will refer to the consolidated UK group results and regulatory position as at 31 December 2014.

The prudential framework for BIPRU firms consists of three “Pillars”:

- Pillar 1 sets out the minimum capital requirements for regulated firms;
- Pillar 2 deals with the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (“ICAAP”) and the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process through which regulated firms and the FCA satisfy themselves regarding the adequacy of capital; and
- Pillar 3 aims to encourage market discipline by developing a set of disclosure requirements which will allow market participants to assess key pieces of information on a firm's capital resources, risk exposures and risk assessment process.

These Pillar 3 disclosures have been prepared solely to comply with regulatory requirements to provide public information on the UK group’s risk management objectives and policies, the capital position of the UK group, the approach to assessing the adequacy of capital and the exposure to credit, market and operational risks.

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Pillar 3 overview and description of business (continued)

These Pillar 3 disclosures are not audited, and do not apply to funds managed by CELP, which are exposed to different risks. Pillar 3 disclosures will be issued as a minimum on an annual basis and will be published on the Citadel external website www.citadel.com at the same time as the filing of the 2014 annual report and financial statements with Companies House.

2. BIPRU 11.5.1 - Risk management objectives and policies

Risk management framework

Risk management is the process of identifying the principal risks to the UK group achieving its strategic objectives, establishing appropriate controls to manage those risks and ensuring that appropriate monitoring and reporting systems are in place to ensure that controls remain robust and evolve with the changing risk profile of the UK group.

The UK group's operations expose it to certain financial risks such as credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The UK group considers financial risks regularly and seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the UK group.

The UK group has conducted a comprehensive risk identification exercise by risk category by function head across the business to ensure that all significant risks have been identified and captured by the risk management infrastructure. All significant risks have been documented, scored and level of exposure estimated using a matrix of parameters.

The London Operations Committee ("LOC") meets monthly and considers risk management on an ongoing basis. The LOC consists of the local business heads across front and back office.

The members of CELP review and approve the risk appetite for the UK group.

The high level summary of the key risk assessments for the UK group is as follows. All risks are regularly monitored by the LOC using key risk indicators to ensure they are within agreed parameters:

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the inherent risk of material loss or other adverse impact resulting from inadequate internal processes, people or systems or from external events. The UK group seeks to minimise operational risk through a structured controls framework and monthly monitoring of key operational risk indicators.

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Business Risk

Business risk is the risk of loss inherent in the UK groups operating, business and industry environment. CELP has only two clients, CALC and CAL2, and the existing fee structure ensures that fee income covers all costs. This structure provides CELP management with a level of comfort and the UK group would be able to reduce its cost base in a controlled manner if necessary.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss if another party fails to perform its obligations, and arises in the normal course of business. The principal credit risk for CELP is the exposure to receivable balances from group undertakings. Fee income receivable from the US parent is calculated by reference to expenses and cash is called monthly to mitigate the credit risk. The UK group bank balances are segregated from those of the group and placed with a highly rated counterparty. The bank accounts are managed and controlled locally, independent of the global cash management function.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of not being able to meet liabilities as they fall due. The UK group operates in accordance with CELP's Liquidity Risk Assessment Policy which sets out the process of liquidity risk management. The UK group has implemented an effective, ongoing process to identify liquidity risk, to measure its potential impact against appropriate assumptions and then to ensure that such risks are actively managed.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that arises from adverse movements in financial markets; CELP is not authorised to undertake proprietary trading and therefore UK group market risk is limited to foreign exchange exposure on the balance sheet. The functional currency of the UK group is sterling. Certain assets and liabilities are denominated in USD, including fees receivable from CALC and CAL2, and as a consequence the UK group does have a potential exposure to exchange rate movements. The UK group actively monitors foreign currency balances and exchange rates and seeks to limit the potential adverse effects of foreign exchange transactions on the financial performance of the UK group.

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3. BIPRU 11.5.3 - Capital resources

Pillar 1 capital resources

The UK group's policy is to remain well capitalised and soundly financed. CELP and CIGE will maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the business and to ensure regulatory capital requirements are met at all times.

The table below summarises the amount and type of capital resources for the UK group as at 31 December 2014:

	31 December 2014
Capital resources	GBP 000s
Issued share capital	300
Reserves - profit and loss account	18,445
Core Tier 1 Capital	18,745
Total Capital Resources	18,745

There are no current or foreseen material practical or legal impediments to the prompt transfer of capital resources or repayment of liabilities.

4. BIPRU 11.5.4 - Compliance with the overall Pillar 2 rule

Pillar 2: Internal capital adequacy assessment process ("ICAAP")

CELP has carried out its internal capital adequacy assessment. The ICAAP forms an integral part of the UK group's risk management processes. The ICAAP is updated at least annually, or when a material change in the business occurs, and is reviewed and approved by the members of CELP.

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5. BIPRU 11.5.8 - Credit risk

Credit risk capital requirement

CELP adopts the simplified standardised approach to the credit risk capital requirement, and the calculation at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

Asset class	Risk Weight	Exposure GBP 000s
Claims on institutions	20%	26,445
Claims on corporates	100%	128,629
Other items - tax assets	0%	179
Other items	100%	1,006
TOTAL		156,259
RISK WEIGHTED TOTAL		134,924
Credit risk capital requirement	8%	10,794

The above analysis gives the breakdown of credit risk by asset class; no further industry analysis of the credit risk capital requirement is considered necessary.

Geographical analysis of credit risk

The geographical analysis of exposures by asset class is as follows:

Asset class	UK GBP 000s	USA GBP 000s
Claims on institutions	26,445	-
Claims on corporates	-	128,629
Other items - tax assets	179	-
Other items	1,006	-
	27,630	128,629

Claims on institutions and corporates have a residual maturity of less than 90 days, there being no material amounts falling due after 90 days.

Past due items and impairment

The UK group does not have any material past due or impaired assets on its balance sheet.

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6. BIPRU 11.5.12 - Market risk

Market risk capital requirement

The UK group's market risk capital requirement at 31 December 2014 is equal to the foreign exchange position risk requirement, and is calculated in accordance with BIPRU 7.5 as follows:

	31 December 2014
Material exposures	GBP 000s
USD exposure	6,301
Other non-GBP exposures	45
TOTAL EXPOSURE	6,346
Market risk capital requirement	508

Risk weight
8%

In accordance with risk and liquidity policy, the UK group actively monitors foreign currency balances and exchange rates and seeks to limit the potential adverse effects of foreign exchange transactions on the financial performance of the UK group.

7. BIPRU 11.5.14 - Operational risk

Fixed Overhead Requirement

The UK group Fixed Overhead Requirement ("FOR") is the Pillar 1 operational risk capital requirement. The Pillar 1 variable capital requirement is calculated as the higher of the FOR, and the sum of market and credit risk capital requirements. As at 31 December 2014 the UK group's variable capital requirement was GBP 9,203,000, being the FOR. The FOR is calculated as 25% of the UK group's audited annual fixed expenses.

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8. BIPRU 11.5.18 - Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been adopted by the members of CELP and by the board of directors of CIGE who have the ultimate responsibility for the implementation of the remuneration policy. CELP and CIGE have established an independent compensation oversight body, made up of US based and UK based Citadel senior management who are tasked with overseeing the implementation of the remuneration policy and the remuneration of code staff in line with the principles set out in the policy.

The compensation plan for CELP and CIGE is composed of fixed drawings or base salary (fixed remuneration), participation points (variable remuneration) and benefits. Participation points are issued as a combination of short-term points (cash), profit allocation, and long-term points (unvested equity interests in the form of unvested shares in a company formed by the Citadel group for its employees that itself is invested in funds managed by the Citadel group) as appropriate.

Participation points are awarded in respect of any calendar year during which employees are employed by the UK group on a discretionary basis based on (i) personal performance and demonstration of Citadel values and the Citadel leadership model; and/or (ii) firm-wide or team performance results.

Total remuneration awarded by the UK group in 2014 was as follows:

	Fixed Remuneration GBP 000s	Variable Remuneration GBP 000s	Number of Beneficiaries
Code Staff	6,298	76,946	27
Non-code Staff	10,347	26,204	
Total	16,645	103,150	